

Persian CPH E-Book

Theory of CPH

Section Seven

New Ideas of CPH Theory

. . .

Hossein Javadi

Azad University, Tehran, Iran

Javadi_hossein@hotmail.com

1960

Time Revolution and Spin (TRS Theory)

:

Hamed@iwp.ir

(The General Science Journal , www.wbabin.net)

)

(

TRS (Time Revolution and Spin)

ds

$$ds^2 = dx^2 + dy^2 + dz^2 - c^2 dt^2 \quad (1)$$

$$\exp\left(\frac{-i\vec{J}\cdot\vec{n}\varphi}{\hbar}\right) \quad (2)$$

\vec{n}

\vec{z}

\vec{s}

\vec{j}

$$\exp\left(\frac{-iS_z\varphi}{\hbar}\right) \quad (3)$$

$$\psi(r,t) = \exp\left(\frac{-iHt}{\hbar}\right) \psi(r,0) \quad (4)$$

$$\psi(r,t) = \exp\left(\frac{-iHt}{\hbar}\right) \psi(r,0) \quad (5)$$

a) $\vec{M} = a\vec{S}$

$$H = -\vec{M} \cdot \vec{B} = -a\vec{S} \cdot \vec{B} \quad (6)$$

$$\quad (4)$$

$$\exp\left(\frac{-iHt}{\hbar}\right) = \exp\left(\frac{-iaS \cdot Bt}{\hbar}\right) \quad (7)$$

$$\quad ()$$

$$\varphi \propto t \quad (7) \quad (3)$$

$$\quad ()$$

TRS

:

v

$$T = \frac{T_0}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{v}{c}\right)^2}} \quad (8)$$

(7)

TRS

v

v

v

()

TRS

CPH

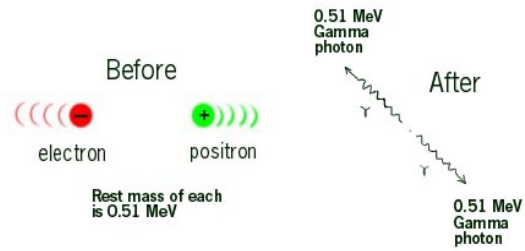
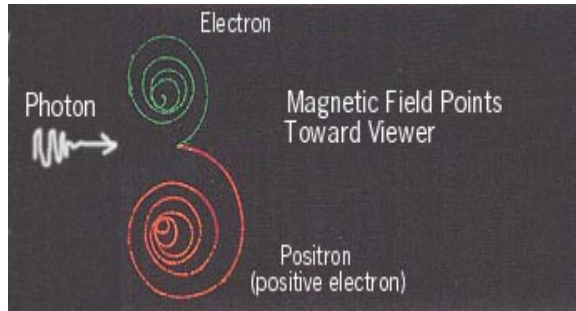
TRS

CPH

...

CPH

$$E = h\nu$$



1955

CPH

$$T = \frac{T_0}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}} \quad (8)$$

()
()

CPH
)

CPH

(

CPH

CPH

(*CPH*)

!

()

()

CPH

CPH

CPH

CPH

CPH

CPH

CPH

CPH

" Multi Universe"

!!!

CPH

:

1

CPH

CPH

(

)

()

).

CPH

(

2

CPH

CPH

CPH

CPH

CPH - 3

CPH) CPH

CPH

-4

CPH

(

" Multi Universe " " Multi Bang "

CPH

:

rezaerad@yahoo.com

1900

c

:

$$E = \frac{hc}{\lambda} \quad \text{انرژی} \quad p = \frac{h}{\lambda} \quad \text{مکانه}$$

h ثابت پلانک و λ طول موج

()

()

()

$$E_{\text{photon}} = n E_{\text{cph}}$$

n

()

()

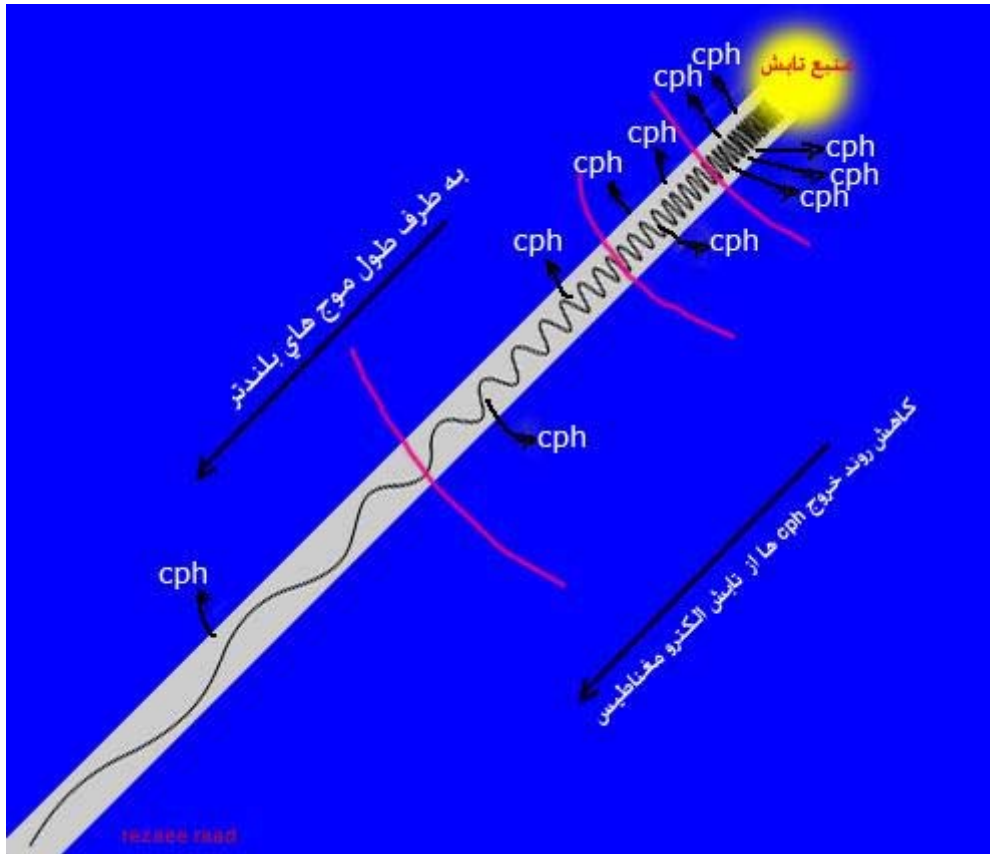
$$P_{\text{exit}} = \frac{n_1}{n} \cdot \left(\frac{dl}{d_1} \right) \quad (\text{P(exit), cph})$$

$$P_{\text{exit}} = \frac{n_1}{n} = \frac{\text{energy photon}}{\text{energy gamma photon}}, \quad n_1 < n$$

d

$$P_{\text{exit}} = \left(\frac{n_1}{n} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{dl}{d_1} \right), \text{ and } 0 < P_{\text{exit}} < 1$$

()



:

Ali.qeisari@gmail.com

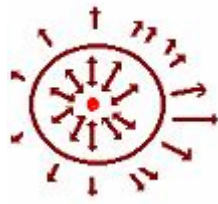
Big Bang and Unification ()
Theory of Creation Particle Higgs

()

(1)

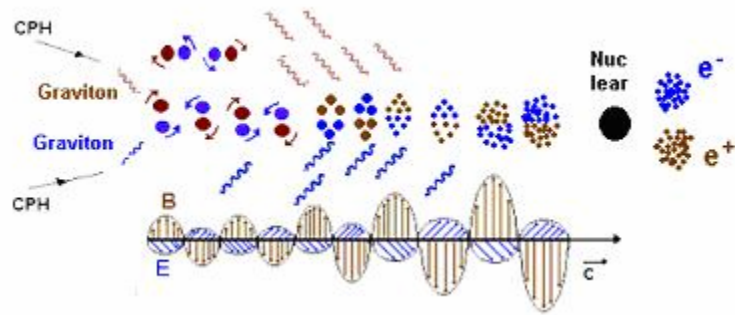
()

(1)



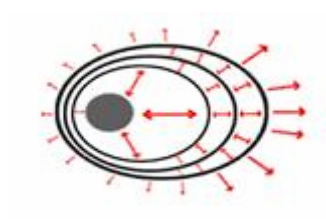
1

(2)



2

1



3

:

pixycrazy@yahoo.com

$$F = dp/dt$$

$$d(mv)/dt = (v.dm/dt) + (m.dv/dt)$$

$$F = ma$$

$$d(mv)/dt = (v.dm/dt) + (m.dv/dt)$$

:

$$T_{planck} = 5.39 \times 10^{-44} \text{ sec}$$

Planck Units

$$h/2\pi = \hbar = 1.0546 \times 10^{-34} \text{ kg m}^2 \text{ sec}^{-1}$$

$$G_N = 6.672 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3 \text{ kg}^{-1} \text{ sec}^{-2}$$

$$c = 2.99792458 \times 10^8 \text{ m/sec}$$

$$L_{\text{Planck}} = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar G_N}{c^3}} = 1.616 \times 10^{-33} \text{ cm}$$

$$M_{\text{Planck}} = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar c}{G_N}} = 21.8 \text{ } \mu \text{ g}$$

$$T_{\text{Planck}} = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar G_N}{c^5}} = 5.39 \times 10^{-44} \text{ sec}$$

(1)

$$dt = T_{\text{planck}}$$

P_q

dp

T_p

F_g

$$F_g T_p = p_q, F_g = p_q / T_p$$